SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

Speaker Cannon Expected to Announce His Committees Today.

FRAMING OF SUBCOMMITTEES COMES NEXT When This is Completed Lower Heuse Will

Be Ready for Work.

LITTLE IS EXPECTED BEFORE CHRISTMAS

Leaders Inclined to Expedite the Philippine Tariff Bill.

SENATE AND PANAMA APPROPRIATION

Some Presidet it Will Pass the Senate This Week and it Certainly Will Before Christmas Holldays.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.-Speaker Cannon will announce the committees of the house tomorrow. This will practically complete the organization of the popular branch of the Fifty-ninth congress. The committees so appointed with meet during the week for organization, the appointnent of subcommittees and the assignment to them of pending measures. In due time the subcommittees will report to the full committees and they in turn to the house. In this manner the wheels of legislation will be started.

With the long session ahead, however, no important results are expected until after the hollday recess. The appropriations committee, which perhaps has the heaviest task to perform, will first consider either the legislative or the District of Columbia bills, but the outlook is that neither of these measures will receive committee

attention before the holidays. That there will be no lack of legislative propositions is indicated by the 5,968 bills which have already been introduced in the house since the opening of this Many of these are known as private bills, affecting only individual in-

It is usual to fix the holiday adjournment for about December 21 to allow members to reach their homes for Christmas. While no date thus far has been decided, this adjournment is fully expected Thursday,

Leaders are disposed to expedite cor sideration of the Philippine tariff bill and hearings undoubtedly will begin as soon He was then seized by the convicts and imitation bomb and the Cossacks wheeled as the ways and means committee has or-Work of the Senate.

The first important measure which will receive the attention of the senate will be crowd of convicts, driving them back. the Panama canal emergency appropriation bill, and its consideration will begin will become a law before the close of the week, but others have expressed the opinion that final action will be deferred until the week following. There will be no effort to prevent the passage of the bill in some shape, but there will be some opposition to the presented restoration of the \$5,500,600 subtracted by the house from the amount to be appropriated. Regardless of the sum. the bill will be utilized as a basis for the general discussion of the canal question. the canal shall be constructed on the sea intereceanic canal.

of the merchant marine bill, the sponsors to retain his position." of the bills do not count upon getting early consideration.

Senator Gallinger will call up the merand is hopeful that action will not be long delayed.

No one counts upon even getting a report from committees on the railroad rate The three measures mentioned are considered the most important which will come before the senate this session and they will receive much attention until they are finally disposed of. The consideration by the name of Hungary are fighting against the senate of the joint statehood bill and the crown. the bill for the reduction of the duty on Philippine Importations into the United after the holidays. No one now expects against the Hungarians, crying effort to modify the tariff unless in the direction of Senator Lodge's bill prociding for a maximum and minimum rate. The Massachusetts senator regards this it strenuously if he receives any encouragement to do so.

week will be devoted to the reorganization of the committees and there is hope that the announcement of the changes can be made before Thursday.

Senator Mitchell's death will be announced by Senator Fulton tomorrow, but It is not probable that the announcement will cause an adjournment of the senate.

PRESERVING INDIAN Commissioner Leupp Takes Steps to Prevent Its Being a For-

gotten Art.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10,-The necessity for preserving Indian music, the establishment of an Indian reform school and the erection of a sanitarium for tubercular Indians are now features of the annual report of the commissioner of Indian affairs, Francis E. Leupp. After discussing the Indian question generally, the commissioner says that in pursuance of the general idea of saving instead of crushing what is generally characteristic in the Indian, steps have been taken by him for the preservation through the schools of what is best in Indian music. A vast improvement in the method of purchasing supplies for the Indians, particularly drugs, and in the quality of sup-

The despoliation of prehistoric ruins by relic hunters and others is particularly referred to and the commissioner quoted from a former letter of instructions to Indian agents warning them that unless protective legislation shall be secured everything practicable must be done to prevent these depredations.

plies received, is noted by the co

With regard to certain funds of the different Sloux tribes, including the Santce Sloux of Nebraska, and Quapawa, Commissioner Leupp reports he has some doubts as to their availability for the purposes indicated and he has turned the subject over to the attorney general for an opinion, which, however, up to the date of his report had not been received.

State Terms on Which They Will Call Off the Boycott on Amer-

tenn Goods.

HONG KONG, Dec. 10 .- At a meeting of the boycott committee of the Chinese guilds and American merchants here today he former drew up the following demands, the granting of which they said would be ecessary to bring the boycott to an end: First-A distinct definition of the term

Second—That legislation affecting the hinese or save the approval of the Chicago gove ant. American consuls in China to issue certificates for adne United States of Chinese rs. without hindrance, except raud. nission = xcept 1 i n cases 2

e issue of passports by the
ther governments for submisserican consuls preparatory to
to of certificates.
Ideal examination prior to debe conducted by one American
one European doctor, the latter
inted by the Chinese authorities,
milar examination on arrival is sion te the gr =

milar examination on arrival in The each and seventh demands call for most favored nation treatment of Chinese residents and travelers in the United Stats.

The eighth demand repudiates exceptional egistration. Ninth-The admission of Chinese laborers of the islands of Hawali and the Philip-ines, provided the local authorities are

pines, provided the local authorities are willing.

Tenth—In case of necessary inquiry on ar-rival there is to be no detention provided security be furnished. Tectnical errors in papers are not to be considered a bar to Eleventh-The admission of the families

Eleventh—The admission of the families of Chinese residents, the importation of females being safeguarded.

Twelfth—The readmission to the United States of Chinese who have been deported for non-registration on proof of their possession of property in that country or that they are creditors there.

HAVANA PRISONERS MUTINY Two Mortally and Several Seriously Wounded in Conflict with

Guards.

seriously wounded and three of the guards spot. adly injured.

The convicts to the number of 160 were proceeding from their quarters to supper in charge of only one officer, who was armed with a revolver, and three guards who fusillade, during which a policemen and sevcarried machetes. The prisoners suddenly eral workmen were wounded. ushed on the guards and overpowered them, taking their machetes, when the offiguns, came on the scene and fired into the door and to escape.

The arrival of a platoon of artillerymen completely cowed the convicts and renthis week. Some senators predict that it dered further firing unnecessary. The prison contains more than 1,300 prisoners.

BUREAUCRACY IS DOOMED

Novelist Says Common People of Russia Are Good, but Ruling Classes Are Thleves.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 10.-The Associated Press today had an interview with Henry it is expected that the debate will deal Sienkiewicz prior to his receiving the Nobel prevented a collapse of their strike. with the question as to whether prize for literature. The novelist said: "I have not been in Poland for three level. There is some conflict of opinion as weeks. The situation in Russia and in to whether the bill shall be referred to the Poland is extremely bad. The bureaucracy revolution. Its days are counted. The

committee on appropriations or to that on cannot last much longer with or without The general expectation is there will be Russian people are good, but the bureaucomparatively little additional legislation crats are a set of thieves. That was proved before the Christmas holidays. Several by the war. Count Witte's position is most other measures will be vigorously pressed difficult. Witte is clever and of great cuduring the session, but with the exception pacity, but it is doubtful if he will be able

MORE TROUBLE FOR HUNGARIANS chant marine bill at the first opportunity | Roumanians in Border Provinces Sustain the Emperor.

VIENNA. Dec. 10. -- An interesting example of the mixture of races existing in Hungary is given in reports which reached bill until some time after the holidays. Vienna today of the beginning of what may prove to be a serious movement among the Roumanian inhabitants of Southern Hungary in favor of the emperor-king against the Magyars, who in

The Roumanians living in the border provinces of Temes, Arad and Bihar are States will necessarily be postponed until holding secret meetings and campaigning with the Hungarian gentry" and "we will not let harm befall Francis Joseph."

One Hungarian who opposed a Rou manian candidate for membership in the proposition with much favor and will press chamber of deputies has been murdered and gendarmes have been asked for Many Hungarians are leaving the isolated Much of the time during the present country districts for the towns, while others are arming themselves. The Roumanians are even declaring that they will drive out all Hungarians from the prov inces bordering on Roumania.

The Roumanians number 2,500,000 Hungary as against 6,506,000 Magyars.

MURDERERS DEFY POLICE MUSIC | Barricade is Finally Battered Down and Three Men Are Arrested.

NEW YORK. Dec. 10 .- Following a shoo . ing affray in which one man was killed and another perhaps mortally wounded tonight, three men charged by the police with that Count Witte's position, so far as the ricaded themselves in a tenement in Franklin street, West New Brighton, Staten

Island. Until the doors were battered down they, with their friends, defied the police reserves of the district to come and take them. With the entire neighborhood on the verge of riot, and after an hour's work that he is a failure and urging that it will a section of telegraph pole was jammed through the barrier. Policemen with clubs and revolvers fought their way over op-

Thomas Rooney, aged 24, was shot through the heart, and James Roach, aged ing a meeting tonight to determine their 28, is in a hospital with a bullet in his attitude toward the new press law. In view abdomen. Antonio Zarillo, Nicolo Tizorro of today's events it is practically certain and Giuseppe Martono are under arrest. It is said that trouble arose from racial enmity.

DEATH RECORD.

Carl Frederick von Saltan NEW YORK, Dec. 10.-Carl Frederick voaltza, an instructor in fine arts at Colum his university and at the Teachers' college lied today, after an illness extending over month. He died in ignorance of the fact of the Kexholm regiment headed a prothat his wife had died three days before aim at the same hospital

Arrest of Workingmen's Leader Likely to Precipitate a General Strike.

CHARGED HE CONTEMPLATED REVOLUTION

Clash Between Strikers and Police in Which Several Are Killed. Also Serves to Further Inflame the Populace.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.-Another crisis is at hand involving the indefinite prolongation of the strike, the probable immediate precipitation of a general strike throughout Russia, and a possible fina struggle between the government and the

proletariat This sudden change for the worse is the result of the shedding of the first blood in the telegraph strike this afternoon almost simultaneously with the action of M. Durnovo, minister of the interior, in throwing down the gauntlet to the labor organizations by arresting M. Krustaleff, president of the executive committee of the worknen's council, without warning.

About 2 o'clock several companies of Cos sacks clattered through the streets leading to the headquarters of the council in Targovia street. Having barred the approaches a force of troops and police surrounded the uilding, after which secret service men ushed in and seized Krustaleff. The latter ade no resistance and the affair was conlucted quickly. It was impossible for Krustaleff to conceal the papers of the organization, in which the police evidently expect to find evidence proving the ultimate effect to be an armed uprising against the

A disturbance in which two strikers were killed and a policeman and several others wounded occurred at the same hour immediately in front of the general postoffice. The strikers for two days have been seeking to persuade the volunteer and regular carriers to refuse to work. At the door of the HAVANA, Dec. 10 .- The convicts in the building today, the strikers, enraged by the penitentlary mutinled tonight and a fierce refusal of the volunteers to quit, drew fight between them and the guards fol- knives, whereupon a carrier attempted to lowed, in which two of the prisoners were defend himself with a revolver. Both the nortally wounded, sixteen more or less carrier and a companion were killed on the

Saved by Bogus Bomb. A squad of policemen was stood off by the strikers and workmen who sympathized with them. Both sides exchanged a fierce

As the strikers were withdrawing a Cossack patrot came galloping to the rescue. cer fired, wounding several of the prisoners. One of the strikers turned and threw an roughly handled, being badly wounded and in order to avoid what they presumed to cut on the head and body. Hearing the be a deadly missile. The crowd managed shooting four more guards, armed with to get in an open courtway close to the

The news of the arrest of Krustaleff created an immense sensation among the workmen. All the socialist, labor and kindred organizations are holding a meeting tonight, at which most inflammatory speeches are being made in denunciation of the government and all are talking of a general strike in order to save their leader. Krustaleff, as he is called, though that is not his name, is regarded as the brains of the revolutionary movement. He has displayed genius in organizing both the industrial and political strikes which have terrorized the government. His offer of financial support to the telegraphers yesterday

In some quarters it is believed that the government, realizing that a great struggle with the workmen and the socialist organizations is inevitable in January, arrested Krustaleff with the Intention of deliberately precipitating matters by chalnging the organizations before they were fully prepared. This show of strength also gives color to the support that the doumn election law, which it is now expected will be promulgated next week, is to be followed by energetic measures to restore order, even if it be necessary to declare martial law in various parts of the empire, on the ground that it would be impossible to hold the elections in the present state of the country. At the same time it is understood that it is the lutention of the government to go a step further in the direction of appeasing the peasants by providing for purchase by them on the installment plan of a portion of the crown appendages and the private estates that have

been hypothecated to the government land banks and unredeemed. Fear a Revolution

While such a program undoubtedly would receive the sympathy of that section of the population which desires the restoration of order above everything, especially of the business interests like the manufacturers of St. Petersburg, who yesterday passed a resolution in favor of prosecuting the agitators to the full extent of the law, it would provoke the socialists and revolutionwake repression, then an armed conflict with the proletariat, and finally a bloody revolution.

Many persons believe that Count Witte his fall is imminent and that when he goes he will leave reaction and revolution face to face. It is again rumored that the premier already has resigned and will be suceded by General Count Alexis Ignatioff. Another rumor is to the effect that Lieu- First tenant General Mistchenko, one of the heroes of the war in Manchuria, who is now on his way to St. Petersburg, will as-

me the distatorship. The Associated Press is unable to obtain the contrary it learns from a high source est co-operation. Neverthless, the count's

Even the Slovo, the organ of the "Legal orders," turns savagely on him, declaring be impossible to restore public confidence until power has passed to the hands of the douma, when Count Witte must give way posing ranks of men and women and the to a cabinet selected by the national as- will be presented. sembly.

The editors of the newspapers are holdthat they will vote to defy be law. Moscow Strike Abating.

MOSCOW, Dec. 10 .- (V) Warsaw, Dec. 10.)-The strike of the factory employes is abating. The majority of the workmen have resumed, accepting the stand of the mployers, that ten hours shall constiute a day.

Practical Mutiny at Warsaw. WARSAW, Dec. 10 .- The ferment among the troops is increasing. A hundred soldiers

(Continued on Second Page)

Commissioner Sargeant Says They

Are the Greatest Before the Country.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.-In presenting he annual report of the bureau of immitration Commissioner General Sargeant re ers to the magnitude and gravity of the problems presented by the growth of the lien population of the United States. "These problems," he declares, "loom so argely in the prospect of our country

hat it may be said, without giving just

cause to charge exaggeration, that all

other questions of public economy relating things rather than to human beings, thrink into comparative insignificance." The total alien arrivals reported for the ear of 1,025,498 represents an increase over he preceding year of 213,619, of which the ontinental ports of the United States report 196,210. At the insular ports the inrease was 2.549, although the arrivals at Porto Rico were less by ninety-four than 1 1904. There also was a targe increase in arrivals at southern ports, while a decrease is shown for the Pacific ports, which accounted for in some measure by the Russian-Japanese war. Of the increased arrivals above referred to Austria-Hungary sent 98,537 over its quota of 1904, Russia 29,756, Italy 28,183 and the United Kingdom 49,544. This increase from the last mentioned country, says the commissioner, is somewhat offset by the decreases from Germany, Switzerland and Sweden. Notwithstanding the increase from Italy, that

igh water mark. From this showing Commissioner Sargeant ventures the prediction that the chief sources of future increases in imnigration are those two in Europe which probably to dispense with, Russia and a silver republican Austria-Hungary, "With the facts in view," he says, "it will be possible to calculate with reasonable certainty on the character of immigration in its greater bulk for some years to come, at least of European immigration."

The importance of a proper understanding of the contract labor law is dwelt upon in the report. No feature of the immigration law, he declares, has proved so difficult of enforcement as that which was passed for the protection of labor in this country from the unfair competition of allens. The chief obstacle in the way of such enforcement he attributes to the erroneous impression that it is a measure wrung from congress against its will by the power of organized labor, "exacting all it could obtain rather than seeking the simple justice."

WHOLESALE FRAUDS IN LANDS Horace McKinley Confesses to Sell-

ing Immense Acreage in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 10,-In letters written by Horace Mckinley to George J. Hibbard, four months ugo, a date several months subsequent to the conviction in years before taking up his residence in this state of himself and S. A. D. Puter for Omaha. defrauding the government of its public domain, and which was turned over to land Agent Oswald to the Hibbard, Me. Boy, Dr. Jenks will have charge of the Kinley asserted that he had sold lands to service. bank of La Crosse, to the First National bank of Roseburg, Ore., the First National bank of Eugene, Ore., the First National bank of Salem, Ore., and many others. The list includes H. H. Withe o La Crosso, Wis., 15,000 acres; H. A. Salzer of La Crosse, 14,325; George Salzer of Minne apolis, 7,000; Frederick Kribs of Pertland. Ore., 7,000; S. Y. Hyde of La Crosse, 6,400 Finley Morrison (Canfield estate), 5,000 Hyde & Thompson of Cascade Locks, Ore., 4,000; Levi Withe of La Crosse, 4,000; Abner Gile estate of La Cro:se, 1.000; J. C. Storey

NEW LINE INTO LOS ANGELES

Western Pacific Announces it Will Invade Southern Cali-

Bays today: also believe that such a policy would be organization of a new company, the arti-

TRIAL OF PACKERS TODAY Clash

Will Come Claim of Promised Immunity.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.-The trial of the onfirmation of any of these rumors. On packers under indictment for alleged violations of the Sherman anti-trust law and for alleged conspiracy to establish a monopoly emperor is concerned, is perfectly secure will be called tomorrow morning before and that his majesty is giving him the wid- United States Judge Bethea. Thirty-five eminent attorneys are expected to appear failure to accomplish something tangible for the packers, while Attorney General has caused him to lose ground steadily in W. H. Moody, Special Assistant Oliver H. Pagin, District Attorney Morrison and his assistants will represent the United States. Following the selection of a jury evidence for and against the packers' claim of exemption from prosecution which the packers say was promised them by Com sioner of Corporations James A. Garfield,

> MICKEY DENOUNCES BOODLERS Talks to Iowa Audience About Graft

in High Places. MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Dec. 10 .- In the course of an address on "Character Building." delivered here this afternoon, Governor J. H. Mickey of Nebraska was enthusiastically applauded when referring to the graft among men in high places of should be as clean as his religion.

HOUSE TO ORGANIZE CHINESE FORMULATE DEMANDS ANOTHER CRISIS IN RUSSIA PROBLEMS OF IMMIGRATION LUNNINGHAM R. SCOTT DEAD NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fermer Judge of District Court Passes Away While Sleeping.

HAD BEEN AT HIS OFFICE ON FRIDAY

Native of Ohio, He Had Practiced Law in Three States and Had Passed Through Many Stormy Experiences.

Former Judge Cunningham R. Scott Committee to Further Project Pubdied Sunday morning at 2 o'clock at his residence, 363 Dodge street, after a brief illness. He was stricken with a severe cold two weeks ago and, although more or less indisposed, was able to be at his office for a short while Friday morning. He took to his bed Friday and died while asleep Sunday morning. The attending physicians stated the weakness of the patient's heart made it impossible for

him to fight the cold. The wife of the deceased died in Omaha three years ago. He is survived by a son. Edgar H. Scott of 3167 Davenport street. and two daughters, Laura and Katherine,

who live at home Judge Scott boured more or less in local political and legal affairs for twenty years. He came to Omaha from Council Bluffs in 1888, and until 1892 was in legal partnership with his son. In 1892 he took up the duties of district judge, to which country, says the commissioner, may be he was elected on the republican ticket. He was re-elected in 1896 and was a canegarded as having probably reached the didate for a third term as a silver republican, but falled to secure the indorsement of the democrats or populists. He ran independently, but did not poll the requisite vote. In 1898 he aspired to have the greatest resources in population fusion nomination for supreme judge as

Figured in Stormy Incidents. Mr. Scott's judicial and political career n Omaha was marked by many stormy passages. During his occupation of the John eriminal branch of the district court, however, he achieved much notoriety for his frenkish performances. Both as a qualities of no uncertain quantity.

One of Judge Scott's decisions - that appoint the Board of Fire and Police commissioners - created wide - spread interest, finally resulting in the supreme court reversing the decision after it had once been sustained. Judge Scott ruled that the mayor could appoint the comcision necessitated the ousting of the old board

Cunningham R. Scott was born in Wayne county, Ohio, October 22, 1832. He entered Mount Union college and practiced law with John McSwaney at Worcester, O., and later at Bryan, O., where he opened an office. He moved from Ohio to Tipton, la., from where he went to Anamosa, Ia., where he lived twelve years and served as district attorney three years. In 1874 he moved to Conneil Bluffs, practicing law there for twelve

CLOSE CALL FOR AN OLD MAN

Jumps Out of Burning Building None Too Soon to Save His

Life.

A fire broke out at 1209 Dodge street last by several colored families. This came near law enforcement in Kansas and it will Fescher, an old German tailor, who was the treasury to revoke the objectionable Morley, has been sent to the India office of Monahan, Wash., 6,000; John Paul of asleep in an upper room. The fire began order. Watertown, Fla., 2,000; R. H. Paul of in one of the rooms in the cast end of the Water own, Fla., 2,000; Hiram Goddard of house, but how no one of the inmates was "the secretary of the treasury issued an Rosebery is naturally the subject of much La Crosse, 2,000; James Villente of La able or willing to say. One of the negro order prohibiting internal revenue collec-Crosse, 600: Frank Tiffany of Milwaukee, women, Mrs. Mary Patterson, said that tors from making public the applications most of the people who put up there were for government licenses. The obnoxious when he addresses the Liberal league toout and that she did not see the fire until order is far-reaching in its effect. As long day. It is noticeable that, his son-in-law, it was beyond control. The druggist at as it stands the information contained in the earl of Crewe, is in the cabinet. but the whole house was in flames when be secured." the work of fighting it began.

lookers when the face of an old man appeared at one of the upper windows in a LOS ANGELES, Dec. 10. - The Times circle of fire. He was making desperate efforts to raise the window and once he fell The Western Pacific rallway will build backward, apparently into the fire. He to Los Angeles at once" is the authorita- | was able to rise again and broke the glass tive statement of Treasurer Brown of the and plunged out headlong. Officer Frank new transcontinental line. The road from Divis saved him from a fall which would Los Angeles to San Francisco is not to probably have been fatal. Divis had been be delayed until the completion of the keeping the crowd back and rushed in Western Pacific from Salt Lake to the when he saw the old man struggling with into the heart of Southern California is to fell. The man's hair and beard were be commenced immediately, says Brown, scorched and his clothes were smoking aries to desperation. The moderate liberals This has been accomplished through the from the flerce heat. He was hurried to ference with the earning power of the railthe police station, where Dr. Cox attended roads will be detrimental to the railroad suicidal and would be sure to bring in its cles of which have not yet been filed, but his injuries. His left hand was severely for which the entire capital stock has burned and one of the bones in his heel been subscribed. The route as planned was fractured. Besides this there were toward any future movement on our part will be northward from Los Angeles by bruises on his knees. He was able to give for betterment of wages or conditions. way of Cochico pass to San Jose. From his name as August A. Fescher and that Many persons believe that Count Witte and to be prelimiwill not lend himself to such program, that San Jose the new line will parallel the he does tailoring for a livelihood. He uses nary to a general meeting of all railroad cign policy and to inspire confidence abroad Southern Pacific to the San Francisco the room as a shop, bedroom and kitchen. resented in the old house.

J. Ravit-, who lives next door at 1213 Dad to. Ravitz does not own the house, but merely sublets it to the negro families.

JOINT STATEHOOD FAVORED

Arizona and New Mexico Cities Send Petitions to Washington.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Dec. 16.-The executive committee of the Joint Statehood League of New Mexico is arranging to send committee to Washington to look after the movement while congress is in session. The board of trustees of the city of Gallup, N. M., today wired a message to congress asking for the passage of the joint statehood bill and a similar message was transmitted by the city council of Silver City,

Secretary Mark Rogers of the Arigona Statchood association announces that he has sent a letter to John Sharpe Williams asking for his aid in behalf of joint stategood. Signed petitions were sent to Wash ington today from Raton, Manuelito, San Antonio, N. M., and other towns.

Railroad Laborer Killed.

OAKLAND, Neb., Dec. 10 .- (Special Telegram.)-Thomas Smith, presumably from taker F. G. Palmquist.

Fair Monday and Tuesday. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

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PUBLICITY ON CAMPAIGN CASH

lishes a List of Its Sponsors.

WASHINGTON Dec. 10.-Perry Belmon

New York, chairman of the publicity bill amittee, which is instituting a movemen or publicity of campaign contributions today announced that the following have consented to serve as members of the national organization in addition to thos whose names have already been published Governor Hanley of Indiana, Governor Montague of Virginia, Governor Cumminof Iowa, Governor Blanchard of Louisi ana, Governor Warfield of Maryland, Governor Dawson of West Virginia, Samuel Sompers, president of American Federation of Labor; George Gray, United States circuit judge, Delaware: Charles W. Ellot. president Harvard university; Edward A Alderman president University of Virginla; W. H. P. Faunce, president Brown university; Henry Hopkins, president Williams college; William De W. Hyde, pres ident Bowdoin college; W. L. Ward, New York, member republican national com mittee; Norman E. Mack, New York, mem ber democratic national committee; William E. Chandler, former secretary of the navy and of the Spanish Claims commission. Washington, D. C.; Charles E.

Hughes, counsel New York legislative insurance investigation; Warner Miller, fornor United States senator from New York; M. Thurston, former United States from Nebraska; William F. Vilas, c postmaster general; Everett Colby

senator elect, New Jersey: Carter H. politician and judge he had fighting Harrison, former mayor of Chicago; Roger C. Sullivan, Illinois, member democratic national committee; Charles A. Gardiner, pertaining to the power of the mayor to chairman law committee. New York state publicity bill committee; John F. Dillonk, New York, former judge; William F. Harrity. Philadelphia, former chairman democratic national committee; R. R. Kenny, former United States senator from Delaware; Charles S. Hamlin, Boston; Cromwell missioners, the carrying out of which de- Gibbons. Jacksonville, Fia.: Van L. Polk, Tennessee; D. S. Jordan, president Sanford university, California; James H. Wilson, Wilmington, Del.

After the holidays a meeting of the national organization will be called to ap- twenty minutes, and at which his majesty point committees and arrange an order of signified his approval of the new govern-

KANSANS APPEAL TO PRESIDENT Prohibitionists Want Ruling of the Treasury Department Reversed.

be made to President Roosevelt to take a ministry, but on having displayed great hand in the whisky fight in Kensas. The discrimination in giving its individual meni-State Temperance union has commissioned an emissary to visit Washington and take

the matter up personally with the presiman and has standing at the White House." The Temperance union claims that the home rule, despite the fact that the cabi-Treasury department, by a certain ruling, net contains a preponderance of those night in an old hulk of a building occupied has thrown a big obstacle in the way of favorable to home rule, resulting in the death of August A. ask the president to order the secretary of

welfth and Dodge turned in the alarm, the application for a liquor license cannot

A thrill of fear seized the crowd of on- RAILROAD EMPLOYES PROTEST Insist Legal Rate Regulation Would Be Against Their Best

Interests. CHICAGO, Dec. 19.-A resolution protesting against the placing in the hands of the Interstate Commerce commission of railroad rate-making powers was adopted at t meeting here today by representatives of the different railway employes brother-

attended by fifty delegates. employes, would make harder the conditions employes in Cook county, arrangements He is 78 years old and his hair is white. It for which were placed in the hands of a liament, but it is expected he will be elected committee appointed.

The house is rented to the eccumants by ALARMED OVER LIGHTSHIP Springs Aleak and Sends Wireless Message to Newport for

Relief.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 10.-When wireless mmunication with the Nantucks. South Shoal lightship was broken at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, a leak, which had been waining on the crew all day, had put out the fires and immediate assistance was urgo. The gunboat Hist attempted to leave for the relief of the lightship, but broke down just as it was leaving the wharf. It was understood, however, that the lighthous, tender Azalea started from New Bedford. The lightship is commanded by Captain Jorgensen of Dennis. Mass., and carries a crew of ten men and three naval wirelers operators. It is believed that the watertight compartments will save the lightship from sinking, but its situation tonight was causing much anxiety here.

FIRE RECORD.

Blase in Postoffice. ELK POINT, S. D., Dec. 10 .- (Special.) --A serious fire occurred here this morning to the postoffice building about 6 o'clock. The fire originated in the basement of the building and burned up through the first fudson. Wis., an employe of the Grant- floor, causing a heavy safe to crash the door when a blinding ball of fire, seempublic trust. He declared that certain smith company, railroad contractors, was through into the basement and awakening senators who had diagraced the nation accidentally killed here about 1:30 Saturday H. W. Main in the Telephone exchange sught to have the good sense to resign afternoon by falling in front of a train office, who gave the alarm. No damage their positions. He said he had no applogy of loaded cars. At the coroner's inquest | was done to the postoffice fixtures or valuto offer for injecting politics into a re- she company was exonerated from all ables, but D. Sharp, a jeweler, occupying depth of seven inches, a moteoric ligious address because a man's politics blame. The body is in charge of Under- a portion of the building, suffered a loss weighing about four ounces—the same being of about \$500. No insurance,

ir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Premier and First Lord of the Treasury.

ASQUITH CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER

Herbert Gladstone is Secretary of State for Bome Affairs.

SIR EDWARD GREY HEADS FOREIGN AFFAIRS

John Merley is to Direct the Affairs of the Indian Office.

EARL OF ABERDEEN GOES TO IRELAND

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Submits the List to the King, Who Signifies His Approval.

LONDON, Dec. 10 -- It is officially anounced that the new British ministry is

nade up as follows: Prime Minister and First Lord of the Freasury—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Chancellor of the Exchequer—Herbert Henry Asquith. Secretary of State for Home Affairs—Her-bert John Gladstone.

Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs-ir Edward Grey. Secretary of State for the Colonies—The Secretary of State for the Colonies—The orl of Eigin. Secretary of State for War—Richard Bur-on Haldane.

Secretary of State for India-John Morley. First Lord of the Admiralty-Baron weedmouth.
Lord High Chuncellor - Sir Robert
Chreshie Reid. President of the Board of Trade—David Lloyd George, President of the Local Government Board -John Burns, Secretary of State for Scotland—John Sin-

President of the Board of Agriculture-Earl Carrington.

Postmaster General—Sydney Charles Buxon. Unlef Secretary for Ireland—James Bryce, Lord President of the Council—The earl of

Lord of the Privy Senl-The marquis of Ripon.
President of the Board of Education—Augustine Birrell.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—Sir Henry Hartley Fowler. The foregoing constitute the cabinet. The

ollowing min. sters are not in the cabinet:

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland-The earl of Lord Chancellor of Ireland-Rt. Hon. Samuel Walker. First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings-Lewis Vernon Harcourt. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman drove to the palace at 8 o'clock this evening and had an audience with King Edward of about

Press Comment on Cabinet. The conservative morning newspapers are ompelled to admit that Sir Henry Campbeil-Bannerman has succeeded in forming a much stronger administration than had been thought possible. The liberal papers are full of enthusiasm and cordial congratu-WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 10.-An appeal will ably united all sections of his party in the conviction that such a cabinet will in spire confidence both at home and abroad "I am not at liberty to give the name of Edward Grey and Richard Burdon/ Hai-The names of Herbert Henry Asquith, Sir the emissary," said J. K. Codding, at- dane alone, it is held, will give great torney for the union, "but he is a strong weight to the ministry and insure that

The conservative organs point out that "Several years ago," said Mr. Codding. ternal politics. The omission of Lord where he will have little influence on incomment and there is considerable curi-

Compliments for Burns. The composition of the cabinet presents no surprising features. It is larger than was expected, the last liberal cabinet only numbering sixteen members. Six of the ew secretaries, besides Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, have held cabinet rank before, though most of them have held ministerial appointments, while three, David Lloyd George, Augustine Birrell and John Burns, have never before held office of any kind. The rapid rise of John Burns, from the workshop to the cabinet, with a salary of \$19,000 a year, is a unique fea-Golden Gate. The work on the route the window and in time to catch him as he hoods in Cook county. The meeting was the radical party, and he is being congrattur indicating the growing importance of plated on all sides on winning a well deserved honoy. He will be the first labor

member of the House of Commons to have attained cabinet rank. Perhaps the most popular appointment of all is that of Sir Edward Grey, who, after Lord Rosebery, has the highest reputation for statesmanship. He is expected to hold to the best traditions of Great Britain's for-Augustine Birrell is not a member of Par-

for Bristol almost immediately. Among the unexpected appointments are those of John Sinclair and Lewis Vernon Harcourt. The former has had much milltary experience and has been a Parliamentary whip and sceretary to Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. Mr. Harcourt was very popular in society. Baron Tweedmouth will lead in the House of Lords, thus succeeding Earl Spencer, who is ill. Appointments to minor offices are ex-

pected to be announced within a few days, Dilke is Ignored.

The omission of Sir Charles Dilke from the ministry is much commented upon by the Daily Telegraph, which says in an editorial that it does not desire to reopen wounds that should have been healed years ago, but reminds the liberals that they were glad to avail themselves of the services of Sir Charles while they were out of office, inviting him to lead the debates on foreign office questions, etc. "To have ostracized Sir Charles Dilke altogether," the Daily Telegraph adds, "would have been narrow-minded and bigoted, but to utilize his great services in the opposition and whut the door of the cabinet in his face

is at once cowardly and hypocritical. Large Meteorite Near Sturgis

STURGIS, S. D., Dec. 10 .- (Special.) -- Mrs. Frank H. Burgess of Fort Meade recently was attracted to the door of her residence by a strange light. She had barely opened ingly as large as a waterpail, fell from the heavens and struck the ground but a few feet from where she stood. About two hours later her son, Lloyd, dug out, at a atill hot when uncovered.